



Central Michigan District Health Department "Promoting Healthy Families, Healthy Communities"
For more information, please call: (989) 773-5921 ext. 1409
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To: Local News Media

From: Central Michigan District Health Department

RE: January is Cervical Cancer Awareness Month

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Central Michigan District Health Department Urges Women and Their Loved Ones to Help Prevent Cervical Cancer

January is National Cervical Cancer Awareness Month. Central Michigan District Health Department (CMDHD) reminds the community that cervical cancer is one of the most preventable cancers that affect women. However, in 2013, 128 Michigan women died from cervical cancer. It is estimated that 110 Michigan women will die from cervical cancer this year. The American Cancer Society estimates that 12,990 women will be newly diagnosed with invasive cervical cancer in the U.S. in 2016 and 4,120 women will die of cervical cancer.

Cervical cancer usually develops slowly, beginning as simple abnormal cells. If left untreated, these cells can progress into cancer. About 2 out of every 3 cervical cancers are caused by certain strains of the Human Papilloma Virus (HPV). Vaccines have been shown to prevent the types of HPV that lead to cervical cancer. Currently there are two HPV vaccines, Cervarix and Gardasil, available for both boys and girls between the ages of 9 and 26. Both are available by calling your local health department branch office and making an appointment. Males should get the vaccine also, because they can carry the virus and infect women; leading to cervical cancer.

The Pap test is a specific screening test for cervical cancer and is not the same as a pelvic exam, although the Pap test is done in conjunction with a pelvic exam. A Pap test is a simple and effective exam that can find abnormal cervical cells. If abnormal cells are found, treatment can usually be done to remove these cells and stop them from turning into cervical cancer. Cervical cancer screenings are usually fast and easy. All women who have reached the age of 21 should have regular

interval cervical cancer screening. Following recommended Pap smear screening guidelines can reduce a woman's risk of cervical cancer.

Men and women should use the month of January to encourage partners and loved ones to schedule a cervical cancer screening appointment and talk to their health care provider about the HPV vaccine. Join CMDHD this month in telling mothers, daughters, sisters, wives, their family and friends that "You Can Prevent Cervical Cancer".

Central Michigan District Health Department provides cervical cancer screenings to all women through our Family Planning and Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Navigation Programs. CMDHD, through the Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Navigation Program, provides free Pap tests and breast cancer screenings with mammograms to women aged 40-64 with limited income and little or no health insurance. For more information on cancer screening services offered at CMDHD, contact your local CMDHD branch office.

Arenac County: (989) 846-6541 ext. 1316	Isabella County: (989) 773-5921 ext. 1406
Clare County: (989) 539-6731 ext. 1216	Osceola County: (231) 832-5532 ext. 1216
Gladwin County: (989) 426-9431 ext. 1316	Roscommon County: (989) 366-9166 ext. 1316

For more information on cervical cancer, please visit the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services website at:

http://www.michigan.gov/documents/mdch/CervicalCaFactSheet_497916_7.pdf.

This article has been brought to you by Central Michigan District Health Department, which serves the counties of Arenac, Clare, Gladwin, Isabella, Osceola and Roscommon. Visit our website at www.cmdhd.org, LIKE Central Michigan District Health Department on Facebook and follow us on Twitter @CMiDHD.

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